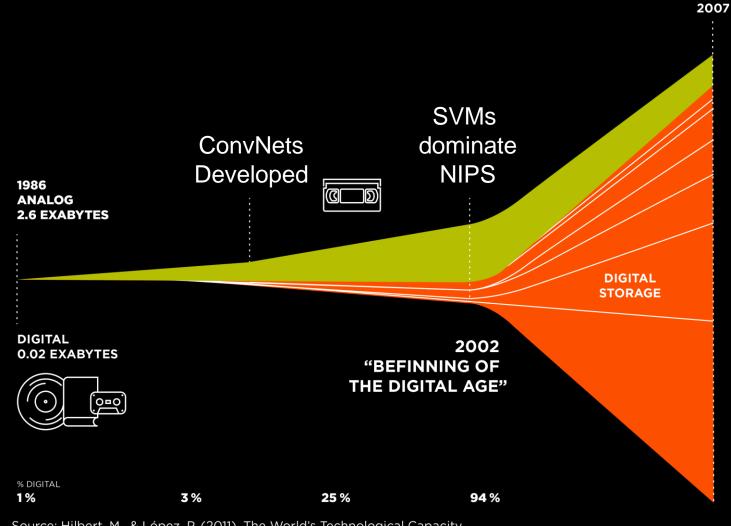
The Data Delusion

NEIL LAWRENCE UNIVERSITY OF SHEFFIELD

GLOBAL INFORMATION STORAGE CAPACITY IN OPTIMALLY COMPRESSED BYTES



Source: Hilbert, M., & López, P. (2011). The World's Technological Capacity to Store, Communicate, and Compute Information. Science, 332 (6025), 60-65. martinhilbert.net/worldinfocapacity.html

ANALOG

19 EXABYTES

- Paper, film, audiotape and vinyl: 6%
- Analog videotapes (VHS, etc): 94%

ANALOG A



- Portable media, flash drives: 2%



- Portable hard disks: 2.4%
- CDs & Minidisks: 6.8%
- Computer Servers and Mainframes: 8.9%
- Digital Tape: 11.8%

- DVD/Blu-Ray: 22.8%





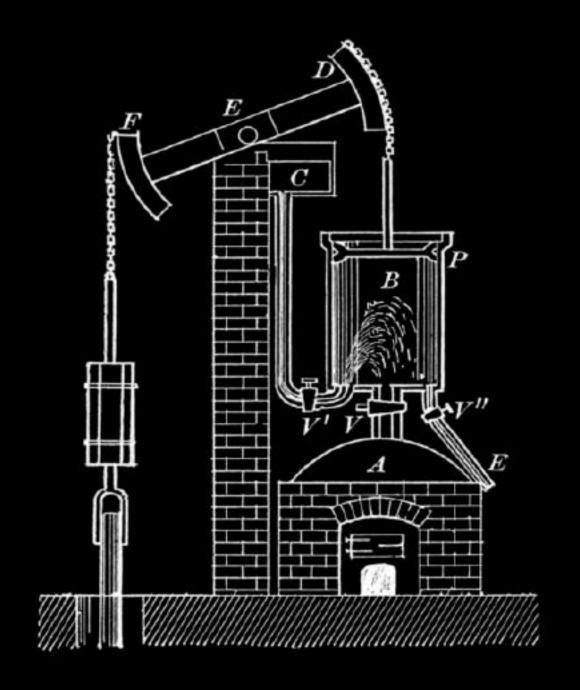


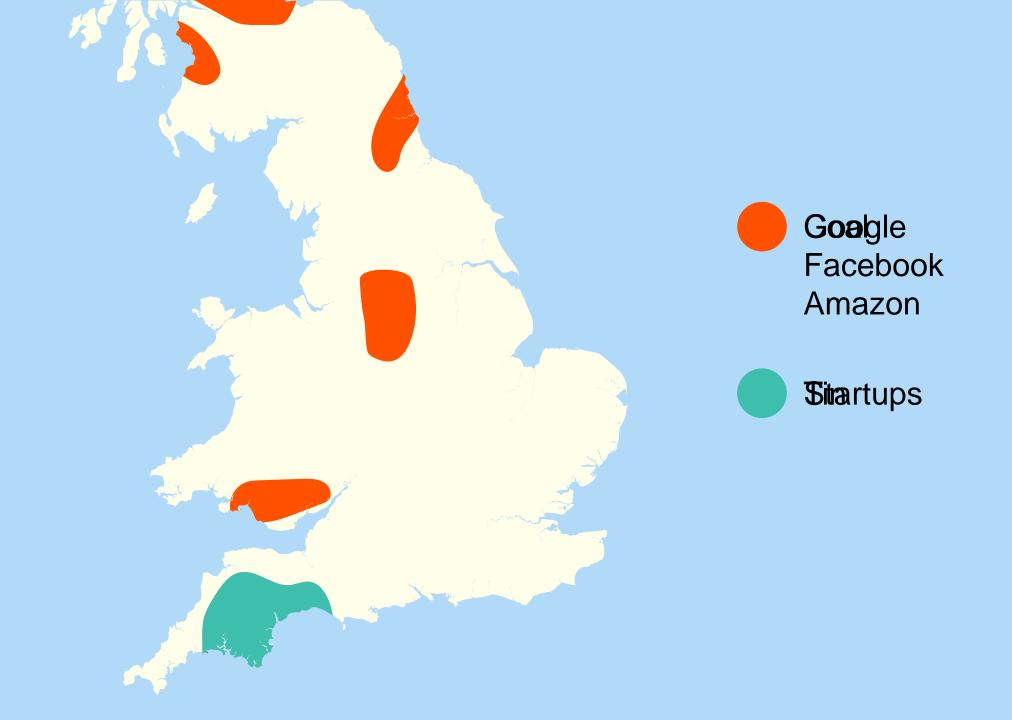
- PC Hard Disks: 44.5% 123 Billion Gigabytes



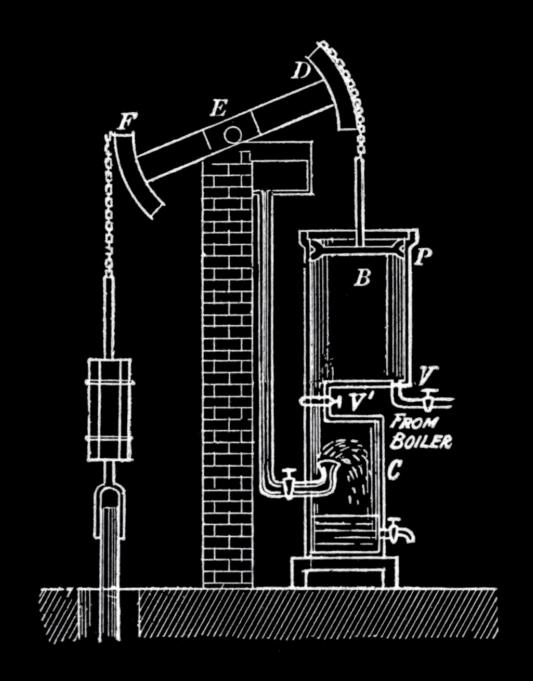
- Others: < 1% (incl. Chip Cards, Memory Cards, Floppy Disks, Mobile Phones, PDAs, Cameras/Camcorders, Video Games)

DIGITAL 280 EXABYTES

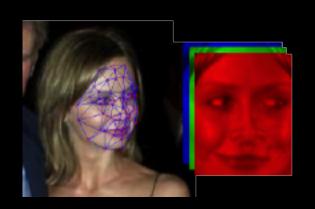


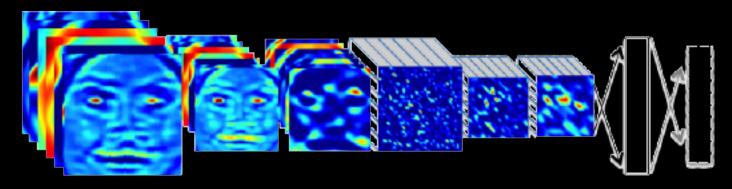




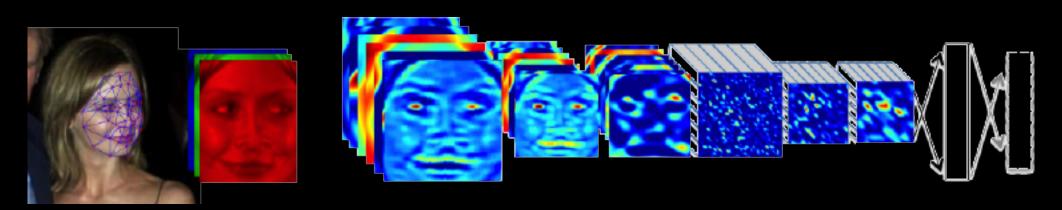


Outline of the DeepFace architecture. A front-end of a single convolution-pooling-convolution filtering on the rectified input, followed by three locally-connected layers and two fully-connected layers. Color illustrates feature maps produced at each layer. The net includes more than 120 million parameters, where more than 95% come from the local and fully connected layers.





Source: DeepFace



$$\mathbf{f}_1(x)$$
 $\mathbf{f}_2(\cdot)$ $\mathbf{f}_3(\cdot)$ $\mathbf{f}_4(\cdot)$ $\mathbf{f}_5(\cdot)$ $\mathbf{f}_6(\cdot)\mathbf{f}_7(\cdot)\mathbf{f}_8(\cdot)\mathbf{f}_9(\cdot)$

$$\mathbf{g}(x) = \mathbf{f}_9(\mathbf{f}_8(\mathbf{f}_7(\mathbf{f}_6(\cdots))))$$



$$\mathbf{f}_{9}(\mathbf{h}) = \begin{bmatrix} \phi(\sum_{i} w_{1i}h_{i}) \\ \phi(\sum_{i} w_{2i}h_{i}) \\ \vdots \\ \phi(\sum_{i} w_{ki}h_{i}) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$f_9(h) = \phi(Wh)$$

$$W \in \Re^{k_8 \times k_9}$$

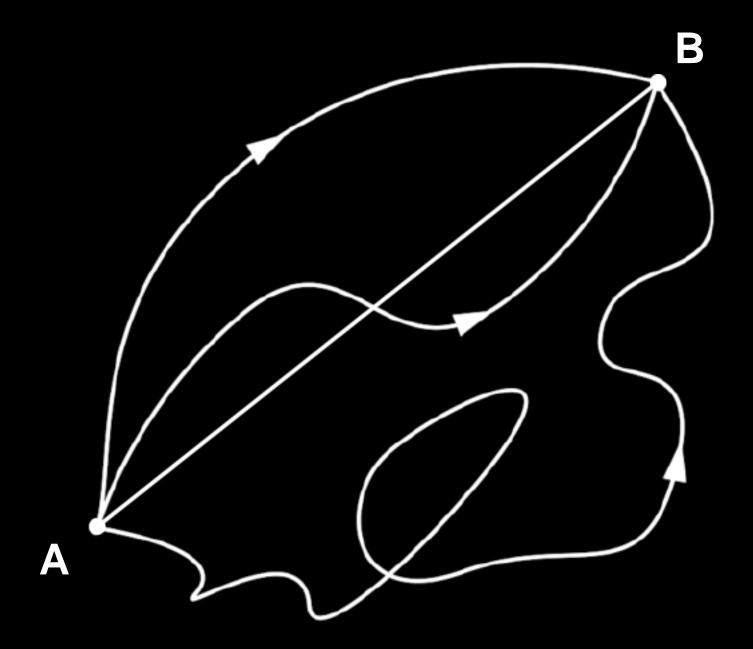
 $\phi(W_1x_1)$ $\phi(W_2h_1)$ $\phi(W_3h_2)$ Yes No

 $\phi(W_1x_1)$ • • •

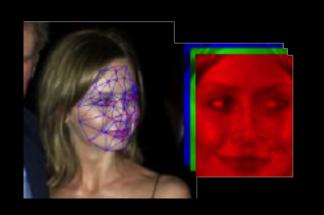
 $\phi(W_2h_1)$ • •

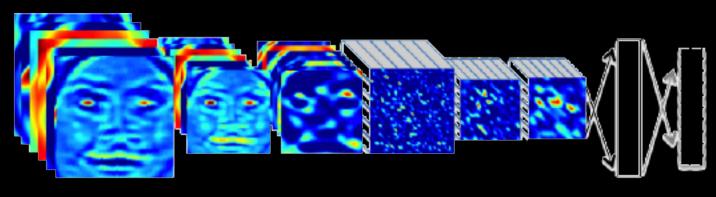
 $\phi(W_3h_2)$ • • • •

Yes No



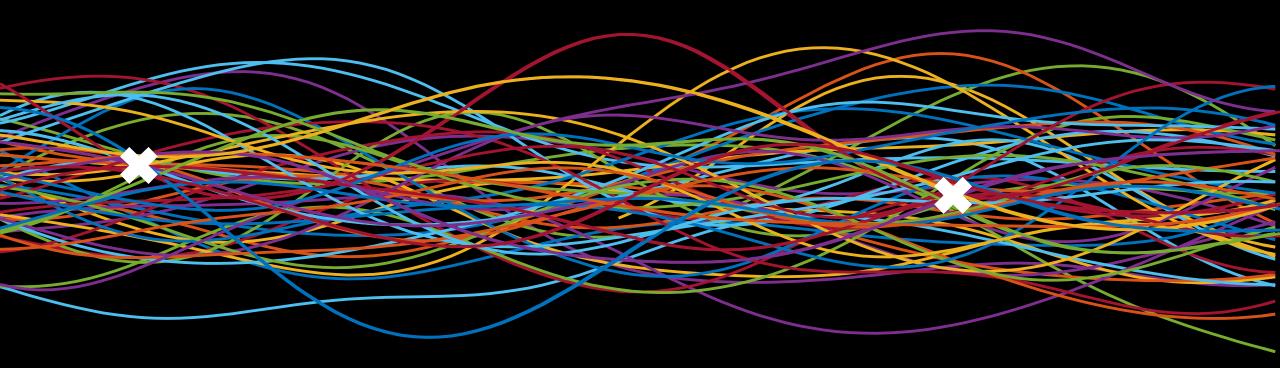
g(x)





$$\frac{\mathrm{d}g(x)}{\mathrm{d}x}$$

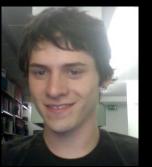
Gaussian Processes



Health



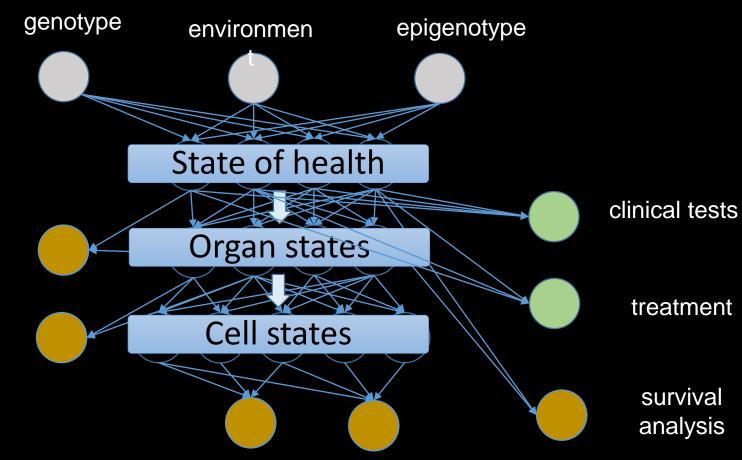






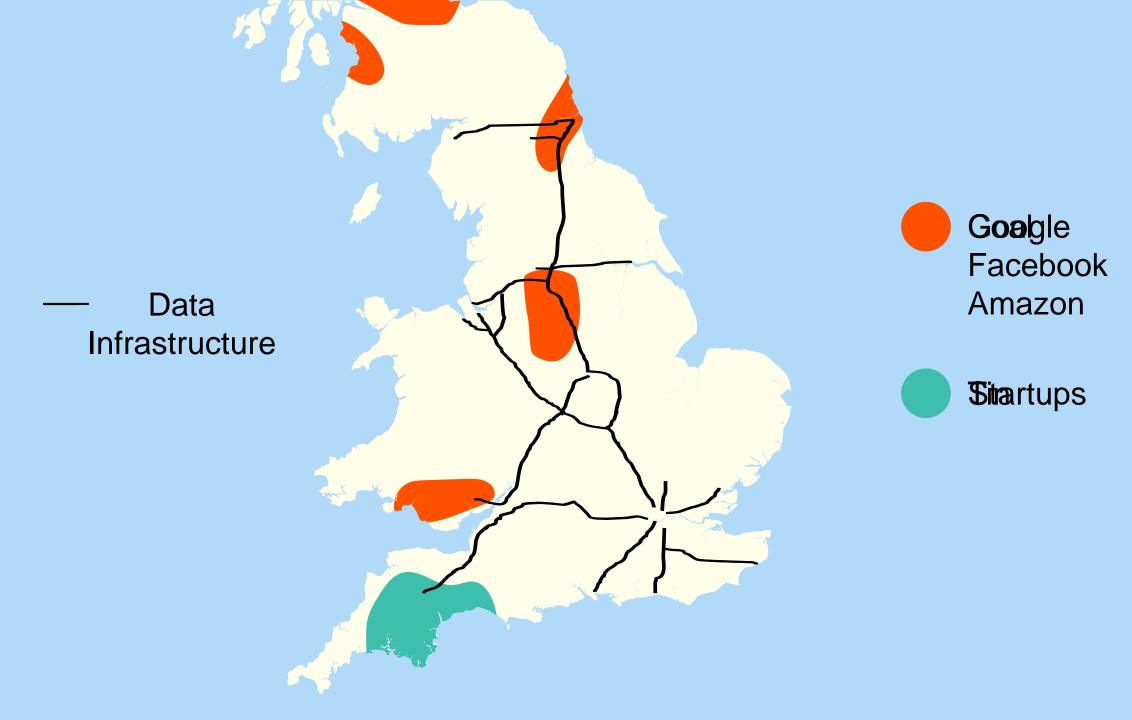


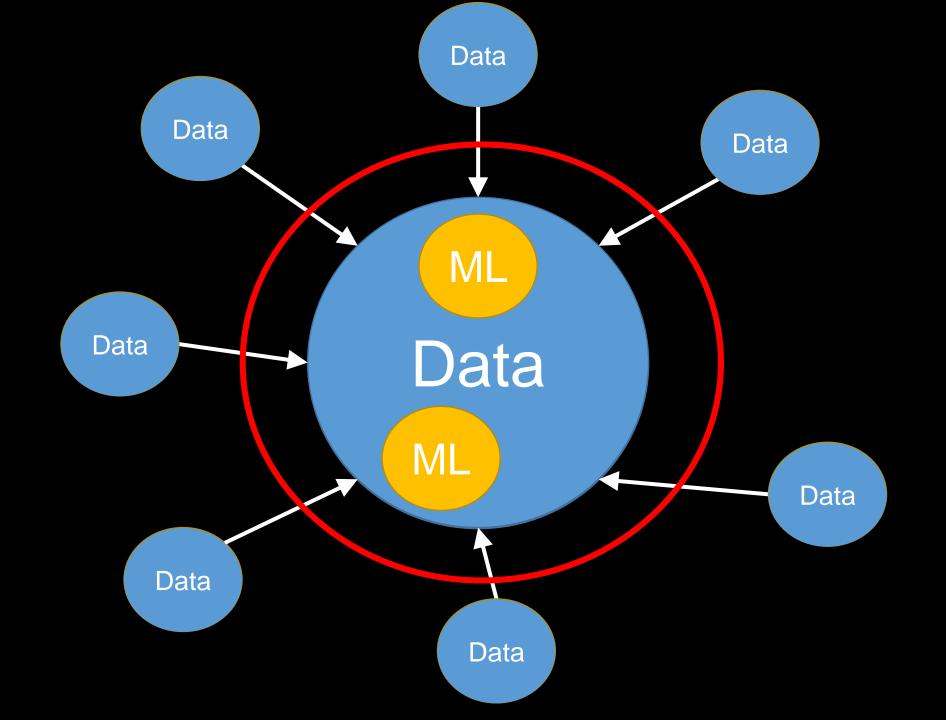
- Complex system
- Scarce data
- Different modalities
- Poor understanding of mechanism
- Large scale



Inferentia

Challenging Uncertainty









Thank you

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http://inverseprobability.com
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